Republic Unitary Enterprise "Production Amalgamation "Belaruskali"

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

MURIATE OF POTASH (MOP)

Soligorsk

#### Safety Data Sheet SDS BY 600122610.001 – 2008

Filed in the National Register NR SDS BY No. 7506050 14 00472

dated 27.02.2009

valid till 27.02.2014

#### PRODUCT NAME AND COMPOSITION:

Technical name (by TNLA)Muriate of Potash (MOP)Chemical name (by IUPAC)Potassium ChlorideCommercial nameMuriate of Potash, various brandsSynonymsPotassium salt of chlorhydric acid

#### CONVENTIONAL NAMES AND CODES OF TECHNICAL NORMAL LEGAL ACTS (GOST, GOST RB, TU, ISO)

GOST 4568-95 "Muriate of Potash". Technical Specification STO SPEKS 001 – 98 "Muriate of Potash supplied for export" Technical Specification TU BY 00203950 – 09 – 94 "Muriate of Potash". Technical TU BY 600122610.021 – 2006 "Muriate of Potash, technical, dust-free" TU BY 600122610.011 – 2002 "Muriate of Potash, fine non-dusty agglomerated" TU BY 600122610.010 – 2002 "Muriate of Potash granular"

OKP BY code 24.15.50.300 TN VED code 310 4 **RPOHV:** № and date

Hazards specification: MAC w.a., mg/m<sup>3</sup> <u>5</u> Hazard class <u>3</u>

**Briefly (in words):** substance with moderately hazardous effect on a human. Aerosol irritates skin, eyes and respiratory system. Can be dangerous for environment. **In detail:** see the enclosed 16 sections of SDS.

Main hazardous components:	MAC w.a., mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Hazard class
Potassium Chloride	5	3
Sodium Chloride	5	3

Applicant party (approving party): RUE "PA "Belaruskali" 223710 city of Soligorsk, Minsk region, Korzha street, 5

Identification of applicant party: manufacturer, supplier, seller, exporter **OKPO code:** 00203950 Contact phone in case of emergency: + 375 174 298432

Research organization: RUE "PA "Belaruskali"

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<b>1. Product Identification (N</b> Technical name Chemical name Molecular formula Composition by components (mass fraction, MAC w.a., class of hazard)	lame) and Composit Muriate of Potash Potassium chloride KCI Mass fraction, %	t <b>ion of Ingredients</b> MAC w.a.,mg/m <sup>3</sup> (aerosol)	Class of hazard
Potassium chloride evaluated in K <sub>2</sub> O	95-98 60-62	5	3
Sodium Chloride Additional information	<ol> <li>1-4</li> <li>Depending on mass following types of m</li> <li>Muriate of Potase</li> <li>Muriate of Potase</li> <li>Muriate of Potase</li> <li>94;</li> <li>Muriate of Potase</li> </ol>	5 as fraction and partic nuriate of potash are p sh (for export) – STO sh – GOST 4568 – 95 ash, technical – TU B atash, technical, dus 21 – 2006; ash, fine, non dusty a 10.011 – 2002; ash, granular – TU B	3 le size composition produced: SPEKS 001 – 98 Y 00203950 – 09 – t-free – TU BY agglomerated – TU Y 600122610.010 –
Degree of product hazard in general	Class of hazard 3 b substance with mod	y aerosol influence or derately hazardous eff	n a human - ect on a human
2. Identification of the Company-producer or Company-supplierProducer or SupplierRUE "PA "Belaruskali"Mail addressRepublic of Belarus, 223710, city of Soligorsk, Minsk region, Korzha street, 5Contact telephone+ 375 (174) 298677, + 375 (174) 298501 + 375 (174) 298432 (for extra consultations)Fax+ 375 (174) 298677 info@kali.by			
3. Identification and Origin of Hazard. Influence on a human			

Common influence	Moderately hazardous influence on a human. Do not form toxic compounds in air. Operations with Muriate of Potash are radiation safe.
Ways of contact Most injured internal organs and systems of a human	Aerosol inhalation, wet skin or eye contact, ingestion Nervous, respiratory and cardiovascular systems, gastrointestinal tract, liver, kidneys, electrolyte metabolism, skin, eyes

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Symptoms observed: In mild cases In acute cases	Respiratory tract, skin and eyes irritation Weakness, motion activity reduction, throat coughing, disturbance of breathing. In acute ca doses swallowing – burning pain in oral cavity.	scratching, ises of high
Clinical presentation of acute poisoning Influence on environment (air, water, soil)	Nausea, vomiting, stomach pain, diarrhea, dis heartbeats, dystaxia, convulsions.	turbance of
Common influence	The product does not change its propert environment. Possible air, soil and water pollution.	ies in the
Influence on environment	Improper handling, transportation and storage. Exagricultural chemistry rates of fertilizers appli- influence the environment in case of emergency.	ceeding the cation. Can
Influence observed Hygienic norms (MAC in working area, water, soil)	Change of organoleptic properties of water (foreign MAC w.a. – 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> hazard class 3 MAC atm.air, one-time – 300 mkg/ m <sup>3</sup> MAC daily average – 100 mkg/m <sup>3</sup>	ו taste)/
	MAC annual average – 50 mkg/ m <sup>3</sup> , resorptive ha MAC service water (chloride anion Cl <sup>-</sup> ) - 350 mg/l, organic taste, hazard class 4 MAC soil (by KCl) - 360 mg/kg, water migrated.	zard class 4
	MAC fishery potash-ion 50,0 mg/dm <sup>3</sup> , sanitary and for sea water basins 390 mg/l at 13-18%; toxic; MAC fishery chloride - ion – 300 mg/ dm <sup>3</sup> , sanitary for sea water basins 11900 mg/l at 12-18%; toxic.	d toxic; – toxic,
In case of skin contact In case of eye contact In case of swallowing	Rinse thoroughly with running water Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water. Rinse the stomach with plenty of warm water activated charcoal (1g/kg of body weight). Ask assistance if necessary.	mixed with for medical

#### 4. First-Aid Measures

In case of respiratory tract irritation	Take the injured person outside, provide warm and piece.
Contra-indications First-Aid means	No information Activated charcoal In case of acute poisoning use calcium containing preparations.

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#### 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Fire risk	Fire and explosion-proof
Common characteristics of	Non-reachable
fire and explosion hazards	
Recommended fire-fighting	For packages (PP-bags) use any type of extinguishers,
means	water or sand.
Forbidden fire-fighting	No information
means	
Personal protective	Fire-protective uniform and safety device in accordance with
measures and equipment	TNLA
(firemen and personnel	
protective measures)	
Possibility of thermal	No
decomposition	
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#### 6. Accidental Release Measures. Preventive measures

Common recommendations	Aspiration on reloading points. Ventilation of the production rooms. Air control.
Handling and storage	Avoid inhalation of aerosol. Store in warehouses protected from atmospherical condensation.
Personal protection	Avoid inhalation, eye and skin contacts. Use personal protective devices.
Environmental protection	Avoid dispersion in air, penetration in sewerage, subsoil and surface waters and soil in concentration exceeding the limits (see section 12 of Safety Data Sheet)
Utilization and disposal of waste	See section 13 of Safety Data Sheet
Transportation	Muriate of potash is transported either in bulk or in packages. Material packed in bags is transported by all transport means; material packed in containers is transported in open type railway wagons. (see section 14 of Safety Data Sheet).
Disposal measures	, ,
Necessary usual measures	Isolate a dangerous zone, send all unauthorized persons away of accident area, if necessary send them for medical checkup.
Leakage and spillage:	Collect the product in a dry way and take it out to a covered storehouse or to a site protected from moisture and atmospheric precipitation for further use as fertilizer. Prevent the product from entering into water courses and drains.
Fires:	Take out undamaged packs from the fire area if it is not dangerous. Extinguish the fire from maximal distance.
Personal and group protection means:	See SDS, Section 8.

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Emergency recovery:	Put polluted residues of the product into special paper or polypropylene bags and remove it to in wastes dump. Wash the area with water. Avoid the release of washing water into water co soil.	containers, dustrial ourses and
<b>7. Handling and Storage</b> Personal and group protection measures:	Suction-and-exhaust ventilating of working areas control of maximal allowable concentration of the air of working areas. Use personal protective eq Timely clean working areas; move away the spil avoid dusting when packaging the product.	s. Regular e product in uipment. led product;
Storage conditions:	Product to be stored in closed warehouses, prot atmospheric precipitation and ground water. Product packed in big-bags can be stored at ope with hard surface and under shed. Store at ambient temperatures.	ected from en areas
Storage period:	Guarantee period – 6 months since manufacture 4568). Guarantee period of MOP for retail trade – 24 m manufactured (GOST 4568). Guarantee period – 1 year since dispatched (ST	ed (GOST onths since O SPEKS
Incompatible substances: Product transportation recommendations:	Organic substances, acids and alkalies. Avoid product spillages during bulk transportatio water. See section 14.	n by rail and
Materials recommended for safety packaging:	Specialized big-bags, polypropylene bags with p inserts.	olyethylene

## 8. Exposure Control/Personal Protection

Working areas parameters to be unconditionally controlled:	MAC in w.a. – 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Measures to assure the allowable concentration of harmful substances:	Installation and maintenance of failure-free operation of exhaust ventilation system and corresponding devices of dust collecting. Control of KCI aerosol content in working areas air. Mechanization of transport, prepackaging and packaging operations.

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Personal protection		
General recommendations:	Use safety clothing and shoes to avoid direct co product.	ntact with
Respiratory protection:	Dust respirators according	
Eye protection:	Safety glasses according	
Safety clothing:	Special clothing according	
9. Physical and chemical	properties	
Appearance:	Fine product in small crystals from grayish-white	e to reddish-
	brown colour.	
	Granules of irregular form from grayish-white to	reddish-
Odour:	Odourless	
Molecular mass:	75 543	
Melting temperature:	768-776°C	
Boiling temperature:	1406-1430°C	
Thermal capacity:	0,16 cal/(g·°C)	
Density of single crystals:	1,98-1,99 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
pH:	5,5-8,8 (50000 mg/l of water)	
water solubility, mg/I $H_2O$	330000-342000 (20°C)	
Solubility in other solvents	Slightly soluble in liquid ammonia and ethanol	
Solubility in other solvents	Insoluble in most organic solvents and fats.	
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## 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

	Chemically stable substance
Reactivity	Reacts with acids and alkalies.
Substances to avoid:	Organic substances, acids, alkalies.
Hazardous decomposition	None
products:	
Useful agrochemical life:	Not limited.

## 11. Toxicological information:

Human exposure			
	Moderately hazard	substance.	
Ingestion toxicity (mg/kg)		Toxicity	
(tested animals: white rats)		Test data	
	DL <sub>16</sub>	DL <sub>50</sub>	DL <sub>84</sub>
	690 mg/kg	744 vg/kg	810 mg/kg

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Concentration of minimal toxicity (effect thresholds, their dimensionality, way and time of injection, type of animals, humans):	MChr-10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (nd EC-51-152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , weight increase, in potassium and chlo activity, reduction o ED-60 mg/kg, intra vomiting, blood coa Skin-resorbtive and Mutagenicity: not c	euromuscular irritability inh., 6 months, rats (de crease in neuromuscula orine concentration, chc of sodium concentration -stomach,1 day, woman agulation failure). d sensibilizing actions. onfirmed by IARC (Inte	effect). ecline in body ar irritability, linesterase in blood) n (nausea, rnational Agency
exposure (influence on reproduction function, carcinogenicity, accumulation capacity, irritability etc.):	for Research on Ca teratogenic and can studied. Not cumulative in to (cumulation coeffic nature of action wit liver, nephroses an Moderately irritates in terms of irritant a	ancer). Embryotropic, g ncerogenic effects have erms of mortality effects ient: > 5), shows genera h changes mostly in fur d circumferential blood s eyes mucosa and clas action intensity.	onadotropic, not been not evidence al toxicological nctional state of system. sified as grade 2
12. Ecological information			
Evaluation of possible ecological effect (air, soil, water, biota)	Can pollute the env and transportation Extremely stable in Destructive for wat	vironment in case of vio rules. abiotic conditions. er organisms.	lation of storage
Most important characteristics of influence on environment Hygienic regulations (MAC of product in atmospheric air, water, soil)	MAC w.a. $-5 \text{ mg/m}^3$ , hazard class 3 MAC atm. air, one-time - 300 mkg/m <sup>3</sup> , MAC daily average – 100 mkg/m <sup>3</sup> , MAC annual average - 50 mkg/m <sup>3</sup> , resorptive, hazard class 4, MAC service water (chloride anion Cl <sup>-</sup> ) – 350 mg/l, organic taste, hazard class 4 MAC soil (by KCl) – 360,0 mg/kg water migrated		
Ecotoxicity indices	CL50 (mg/k)	Acute toxicity for fish Species	Exposure time (h)
	2300 373	Leuciscus idus Phoxinus phoxinus	48 12-29
	10000 4200 74,6	Gambusia affinis Gambusia affinis Diplodus cervinus	24 48 4,5-15,0

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	2010	Lepomis macrochirus	96
	5500	Lepomis macrochirus	24
	12500	Cyprinus carpio	5

Transformation in environment

No transformation.

# 13. Disposal Considerations

Safety measures when handling waste material generated as the result of utilization, storage, transportation, emergencies, etc:	Same safety measures as for product handling (see sections 6 and 7 of Safety Data Sheet).
Information on places and methods of treatment, recycling and disposal of product wastes, including packing:	Spilled muriate of potash can be used as normal product. Empty packages are to be recycled at public waste disposal sites.

#### 14. Transportation information

Transport name (subject to type range):	Various types of muriate of potash
Means of transportation:	Goods transportation is effected in accordance with the rules valid for a corresponding mean of transportation
Hazard classification:	Product is not classified as dangerous, it is not within the rules of GOST 19433; but when transported by inland water ways the product being a corrosive substance of low effect is classified as dangerous (hazard class 9.1). Appropriate marking is not required.
Transport marking:	Transport marking is made according to GOST 14192 with application of the sign "Keep dry", and the sign "Protect from the sun" is applied if packages are made from polymeric materials.
Emergency card:	Not required.
Hazard information when transported by railway:	Danger code is not determined.

<ul> <li>15. Regulatory information National legislation Laws of the Republic of Belarus</li> <li>Documents controlling the humans and environment requirements (certificates):</li> </ul>	"Environment Protection Act" "Consumers Protection Act" "Plants Protection Act" Certificates of conformity.
International legislation Warning marking (danger symbols, risk level, etc):	Safety factor: S:22-24/25. Do not inhale the product aerosol. Avoid all contacts with eyes and skin.
<b>16. Other information</b> Use recommendations Use restrictions:	Used as fertilizer for direct soil application, as well as raw material for dry blinding while chemical products producing. No restrictions.